CITY COUNCIL
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

00-O-0659

**A SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE BY
COUNCILMEMBER CLAIR MULLER
AS SUBSTITUTED BY CITY UTILITIES COMMITTEE**

**TO AMEND ARTICLE IV ENTITLED "NOISE CONTROL" BY RESCINDING THE CITY OF ATLANTA'S EXISTING NOISE ORDINANCE AND SUBSTITUTING IN LIEU THEREOF THE ARTICLE CONTAINED HEREIN;
TO REPEAL CONFLICTING ORDINANCES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.**

WHEREAS, it is the policy of the City to prohibit noise disturbances or unreasonable noise from all sources, subject to its police power in order to secure and promote the public health, comfort, convenience, safety, welfare, and prosperity of the City of Atlanta and its inhabitants; and

WHEREAS, the City of Atlanta desires to have an enforceable Noise Ordinance that will adequately protect the citizens of the city of Atlanta; and

WHEREAS, the provisions and prohibitions herein are enacted for the purpose of preventing noise disturbances or unreasonable noise; and

WHEREAS, the city of Atlanta, upon consideration of nationally-recognized studies and standards on noise and deliberation and consultation with sound and noise experts by the City Council, finds that above certain levels, unreasonable noise or noise disturbance is detrimental to the health and welfare of the citizenry.

NOW, THEREFORE THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ATLANTA GEORGIA HEREBY ORDAINS:

SECTION 1.
That the current noise ordinance, entitled "Article IV Noise Control," (City of Atlanta Code of Ordinances, Sections 74-131 through 74-165) be repealed and deleted in its entirety and that substituted in lieu thereof shall be a new Article IV, Sections 74-131 through 74-142, which shall apply to the control of sound originating from sources within the limits of Atlanta and shall read as follows:

ARTICLE IV. NOISE CONTROL

This Chapter shall be known and may be referred to as the Atlanta Noise Control Code or the Atlanta Noise Ordinance.

Section 74-131 Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this Article, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

1. "Ambient Sound Level" is the total sound pressure level in the area of interest excluding the noise source of interest (see, also, "Background Sound Level," this section).

2. "A-Weighting" is the electronic filtering in sound level meters that models human hearing frequency sensitivity.

3. "Background Sound Level" is the total sound pressure level in the area of interest excluding the noise source of interest (see, also, "Ambient Sound Level," this section).

4. "Commercial Area" is a group of commercial facilities and the abutting public right-of-way and public spaces.

5. "Commercial Facility" is any premises, property, or facility involving traffic in goods or furnishing of services for sale or profit, including but not limited to:

   a. Banking and other financial institutions;
   b. Dining establishments;
   c. Establishments for providing retail or wholesale services;
   d. Establishments for recreation and entertainment;
   e. Office buildings;
   f. Transportation; and
   g. Warehouses.

6. "Construction" is any site preparation, assembly, erection, repair, alteration or similar action, or demolition of buildings or structures.

7. "C-Weighting" is the electronic filtering in sound level meters that models a flat response (output equals input) over the range of maximum human hearing frequency sensitivity.

8. "dBA" designates an A-weighted unit of sound level.

9. "dBC" designates a C-weighted unit of sound level.

10. "Decibel (dB)" is the unit of measurement for a sound pressure level and is equal to ten (10) times the common logarithm of the ratio of two like quantities (see Sound Pressure Level).

11. "Emergency Work" is any work or action necessary to deliver essential services including, but not limited to, repairing water, gas, electric, telephone, sewer facilities, or public transportation facilities, removing fallen trees on public rights-of-way, or abating life-threatening conditions.

12. "Equivalent Sound Level (Leq)" is the non-varying sound level that would contain the equivalent amount of energy as a varying sound level. Note that Leq can be weighted or un-weighted and can be integrated over durations ranging from less than a second to many hours. The notation should indicate weighting used and duration, e.g., 85 dBC Leq (6 min) is a C weighted 85 decibel equivalent sound level, integrated over a 6 minute period.

13. "Impulsive Sound" is a sound having duration of less than 1 second with an abrupt onset and rapid decay.

14. "Industrial Facility" is any activity and its related premises, property, facilities, or equipment involving the fabrication, manufacture, or production of durable or nondurable goods.

15. "Maximum Sound Level" (Lmax) is the maximum root mean square sound level measured or not to be exceeded by time varying sounds.

16. "Motor Vehicle" is any vehicle that is propelled or drawn on land by an engine or motor.

17. "Muffler" is a sound-dissipative device or system for lessening the sound of the exhaust of an internal combustion engine.

18. "Multidwelling Unit Building" is any building wherein there are two or more dwelling units.

19. "The Municipality" is the City of Atlanta, Georgia.

20. "Noise" is any sound of such level and duration as to be or tend to be injurious to human health or welfare, or which would unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of life or property throughout the City of Atlanta or in any portions thereof, but excludes all aspects of the employer-employee relationship concerning health and safety hazard within the confines of a place of employment.

21. "Noise Control Administrator (NCA)" is the noise control office designated as the official liaison with all municipal department empowered to grant permits for temporary variances.

22. "Noise Control Officer (NCO)" is an officially designated employee the Municipality trained in the measurement of sound and empower to issue a summons for violations of this ordinance.

23. "Noise Disturbance" is any sound that (a) endangers the safety or health of any person, (b) disturbs a reasonable person of normal sensitivities, or (c) endangers personal or real property.

24. "Peak Sound Level" (Lpk) is the absolute positive or negative value (not the root mean square value) of the sound energy in a discrete event typically of very short duration.

25. "Person" is any individual, corporation, company, association, society, firm partnership, joint stock company, the Municipality any political subdivision, agency or instrumentality of the Municipality.

26. "Public Right-of-Way" is any street, avenue, boulevard, road, highway sidewalk, or alley that is leased, owned, or controlled by a governmental entity.

27. "Public Space" is any real property or structures thereon that is own leased, or controlled by a governmental entity.

28. "Pure Tone" is a sound dominated by energy in a single frequency.

29. "Real Property Line" is either (a) the imaginary line, including vertical extension, that separates one parcel of real property from another, or (b) the vertical and horizontal boundaries of a dwell unit that is one in a multidwelling unit building.

30. "Residential Area" is a group of residential properties and the abutting public rights-of-way and public spaces.

31. "Residential Property" is property used for human habitation, including but not limited to: a. Private property used for human habitation; b. Commercial living accommodations and commercial property used for human habitation; c. Recreational and entertainment property used for human habitation; and d. Community service property used for human habitation.

32. "Sound Level" (per ASTM C 634) a sound pressure level obtained using a signal to which standard weighting has been applied.

33. "Sound Level Meter (SLM)" is an instrument used to measure sound pressure levels conforming to Type 1 or Type 2 standards as specified in ANSI Standard S1.4-1983 or the latest version thereof.

34. "Sound Pressure Level (SPL)" is the ratio in decibels of the square of the root mean square sound pressure divided by the square of the standard reference sound pressure of 20μPa. Mathematically, this is expressed as $10 \cdot \log P^2/P^2_{ref}, = 20 \cdot \log P/P_{ref}, P_{ref} = 20\ \mu Pa$.

35. "Tonal Sound" is a sound dominated by energy in a narrow band of frequencies.

36. "Weekday" is the time period of each week that begins at 11:00 p.m. on each Sunday and ends at 5:00 p.m. on each Friday.

37. "Weekend" is the time period of each week that begins at 5:00 p.m. on each Friday and ends at 11:00 p.m. on each Sunday.

Section 74-132 Scope

The provisions of this article shall apply to the control of all noise originating within the geographical limits of the city and outside the city limits, within all territory to which the jurisdiction of the City of Atlanta, Georgia extends.

Section 74-133 Declaration of Policy

The provisions hereinafter contained are enacted for the purpose of preventing noise disturbances or unreasonable noise. Above certain levels, unreasonable noise or noise disturbance is detrimental to the health and welfare of the citizenry and the individual's right to peaceful and quiet enjoyment. Therefore, it is hereby declared to be the policy of the City to prohibit noise disturbances or unreasonable noise from all sources, subject to its police power in order to secure and promote the public health, comfort, convenience, safety, welfare, and prosperity of the citizens of Atlanta. Nothing in this Ordinance is intended to deter individuals from lawfully exercising the individual right to freedom of speech or any other freedom guaranteed under the Constitutions of the United States of America or of the State of Georgia.

Section 74-134 Powers, Duties, And Qualifications Of The Noise Control Officers And Administrators; Duties And Responsibilities of Other Departments

1. The noise control officers (NCOs), who shall be City of Atlanta Police Officers or other individuals as delegated under in Section 74-134 (2)(c), shall enforce the provisions of this ordinance.

2. The noise control administrator (NCA) shall be the Commissioner of the Department of Public Works or his designee and shall have the power to:

a. Coordinate the noise control activities of all municipal departments and cooperate with all other public bodies and agencies to the extent practicable;

b. Review the actions of other municipal departments and advise such departments of the effect, if any, of such actions on noise control;

c. Delegate the duties of the NCO to any duly qualified individual according to the provisions of Section 74-134(3); and

d. Grant permits for temporary variances according to the provisions of Section 74-139.

3. A person shall be qualified to be an NCO if the person has satisfactorily completed any of the following:

a. An instructional program in community noise from a certified noise control engineer, as evidenced by certification from the Institute of Noise Control Engineering (INCE); or

b. A registered professional engineer practicing in the field of acoustics; or

c. An instructional program in community noise from another NCO; or

d. Education or experience or a combination thereof certified by the NCA as equivalent to the provisions of (a) or (b) of this section.

4. Noise measurements taken by an NCO shall be taken in accordance with the procedures specified in this Article.

5. The provisions of this Article shall not apply to any department or agency of the City engaged in any emergency activities or as otherwise excluded under Section 74-138 of this Article. However, all City of Atlanta departments and agencies shall carry out their programs according to the law and shall cooperate with the assessment and consideration of the possible impact of their activities with regard to the reduction of noise disturbances and the other purposes of this Article.

Section 74-135 Sound Measurement Procedures

1. Insofar as practicable, sound will be measured while the source under investigation is operating at normal, routine conditions and, as necessary, at other conditions, including but not limited to, design, maximum, and fluctuating rates. All noise measurements shall be made at or within the property line of the impacted site, unless otherwise directed in this Noise Ordinance. When instrumentation cannot be

placed at or within the property line, the measurement shall be made as close thereto as is reasonable. However, noise measurements shall not be made at a distance of less than twenty-five feet from the edge of a noise source. For the purposes of this Article, noise measurements are measured on the A or C weighting scale, as applicable, of a sound level meter (SLM) of standard design and quality having characteristics established by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI).

2. All tests shall be conducted in accordance with the following procedures:

a. The NCO shall, to the extent practicable, identify all sources contributing sound to the point of measurement.

b. Measurements shall be taken at or within the property line of the affected person or persons.

c. The SLM must be calibrated using a calibrator recommended by the SLM manufacturer before and after each series of readings and at least once each hour.

d. The SLM must be recertified and the calibrator must be recalibrated at least once each year by the manufacturer or by a person that has been approved by the NCA. A copy of written documentation of such recertification and recalibration, in a form approved by the NCA, shall be kept with the equipment to which it refers.

e. No outdoor measurements shall be taken:

(1) During periods when wind speeds (including gusts) exceed 15 mph;

(2) Without a windscreen, recommended by the SLM manufacturer, properly attached to the SLM;

(3) Under any condition that allows the SLM to become wet ; or

(4) When the ambient temperature is out of the range of the tolerance of the SLM.

3. The report for each measurement session shall include:

a. The date, day of the week, and times at which measurements are taken:

b. The times of calibration;

c. The weather conditions;

d. The identification of all monitoring equipment by manufacturer,

model number, and serial number;

e. The normal operating cycle of the sources in question with a description of the sources;

f. The ambient sound level, in dBA, with the sources in question operating;

g. The background sound level, in dBA, without the sources in question operating; and

h. A sketch of the measurement site, including measurement locations and relevant distances, containing sufficient information for another investigator to repeat the measurements under similar conditions.

4. Prior to taking noise measurements the investigator shall explore the a vicinity of the source in question to identify any other sound sources that could affect measurements, to establish the approximate location and character of the. principal sound source, and to select suitable locations from which to measure the sound from the source in question.

5. When measuring continuous sound, or sound that is sustained for more than 1 second at a time, the SLM shall be set for A-weighting, slow meter response speed, and the range (if the SLM is designed to read levels over different ranges of SPLs) shall be set to that range in which the meter reads closest to the maximum end of the scale. When the measured sound level is variable or fluctuating over a range greater than ± 3 dBA, using the slow meter response speed, the fast meter response speed shall be used. In either case, both the minimum and maximum readings shall be recorded to indicate the range of monitored values.

6. The SLM shall be placed at a minimum height of 3 ft above the ground or from any reflective surface. When handheld, the microphone shall be held at arm's length and pointed at the source at the angle recommended by the SLM manufacturer.

7. If extraneous sound sources, such as aircraft flyovers or barking dogs, that are unrelated to the measurements increase the monitored sound levels, the measurements should be postponed until these extraneous sounds have become of such a level as not to increase the monitored sound levels of interest.

8. The monitoring session should last for a period of time sufficient to ensure that the sound levels measured are typical of the source in question, but in no event shall the duration of testing be less than 5 min.

9. The background sound levels shall be subtracted from the measured sound levels of the source of interest by using Table 1 to determine the sound levels from the source of interest alone. If the ambient sound level is less than 3 dBA higher than the background sound level, the source level cannot be derived and a violation of the ordinance cannot be substantiated.

TABLE 1: Correction for Background Levels (In dBA).

Difference between Ambient and Background Sound Levels	Correction Factor to Be Subtracted from Ambient Level for Source Level
3	3
4, 5	2
6-9	1
10 or more	0

Section 74-136 Sound Level Limitations

1. No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit the operation of any noise source on a particular category of property or any public space or right-of-way in such a manner as to create a sound level that exceeds the ambient sound level by 10 dBA or more during daytime hours (9:01 a.m.-10:00 p.m.) or 5 dBA or more during nighttime hours (10:01 p.m.- 9:00 a.m.) when measured at or within the real property line of the receiving property, except as provided in Section 74-138. Such a noise source would constitute a noise disturbance if it continues in excess of six (6) minutes, unless otherwise provided herein.

1.1 If the ambient sound level cannot be determined, the absolute sound level limits set forth in Table 2 shall be used.

TABLE 2

Maximum Permissible Sound Levels Leq dB(A)-Averaged over six (6) minutes

Receiving Property	Daytime (9:01 a.m.-10:00 p.m.)	Nighttime (10:01 p.m.-9:00 a.m.)
Zoning Classification R1-R5 or RG	55	50
Commercial	70	65
Industrial	75	70

At no time shall noise levels be produced that exceed 65 dB(C) Leq (1 second) at a residential receiving property line.

1.2 If the sound source in question is a pure tone, then the sound level limitations as set forth in Section 74-136.1 shall be reduced by 5 dB.

1.3 Non-repetitive impulsive sound sources shall not exceed 100 dB(C) at or within a residential real property line, using the fast meter response speed.

2. Inside multi-family dwelling unit buildings, if the ambient sound level cannot be determined, the daytime limit is 45 dBC and the nighttime limit is 35 dBC for sounds originating in another dwelling within the same building.

Section 74-137 Specific Prohibited Acts

1. It is unlawful and a violation of this Code for any person to cause, suffer, allow, or permit to be made verbally or mechanically any noise disturbance, as defined in Section 74-136(1).

2. No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit the following acts:

a. Operating, playing, or permitting the operation or playing of any radio, television, phonograph, or voice amplification device that reproduces or amplifies sound (including devices in motor vehicles) in such a manner as to create a noise disturbance for any person other than the operator of the device;

b. Using or operating any loudspeaker, public address system, or similar voice amplification device, unless participating in a specifically permitted activity.

c. Owning, possessing, or harboring any animal or bird that, for a continued duration in excess of 15 minutes, generates sounds that create a noise disturbance across a residential real property line;

d. Loading, unloading, opening, closing, or other handling of boxes, crates, containers, building materials, liquids, garbage cans, refuse, or similar objects, or the pneumatic or pumped loading or unloading of bulk materials in liquid, gaseous, powder, or pellet form, or the compacting of refuse by persons engaged in the business of scavenging or garbage collection, whether private or municipal, between 9:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M. the following day on a weekday and between 9:00 P.M. and 9:00 A.M. the following day on a weekend day or legal holiday, except by permit, when the sound therefrom creates a noise disturbance across a residential property line;

e. Operating or permitting the operation of any motor vehicle or any auxiliary equipment attached to such a vehicle, for a period of longer than 5 min in any

hour while the vehicle is stationary, for reasons other than traffic congestion or emergency work, and where such vehicle's manufacturer's gross weight rating is in excess of 10,0001bs., on a public right-of-way or public space within 150 ft of a residential area between 8:00 P.M. and 8:00 A.M. the following day;

f. Operating or permitting the operation of any power tools or other motorized equipment used in construction, drilling, earthmoving, excavating, or demolition work between 7:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M. the following day on a weekday or between 7:00 p.m. and 9:00 a.m. on a weekend day or legal holiday, except for emergency work by permit for temporary variance pursuant to Section 74-139.

Section 74-138 Exemptions

1. The provisions of this ordinance shall not apply to the generation of sound by public safety vehicles, emergency signaling devices, or authorized public safety personnel for the purpose of alerting persons to the existence of any emergency.

2. Noise from an exterior burglar alarm of any building shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance, provided such burglar alarm shall terminate its operation within 15 minutes of its activation.

3. Noises from any automobile alarm shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance, provided such burglar alarm shall terminate its operation within 10 minutes of its activation.

4. Noise from domestic power tools, lawn mowers, and agricultural equipment when operated between 8:00 A.M. and 8:00 P.M. on weekdays and between 9:00 A.M. and 8:00 P.M. on weekends and legal holidays shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance, provided they generate less than 85 dBA at or within any real property line of a residential property outside of the property where the noise in question originates, and all noises from tools and lawn mowers operated in association with the upkeep and maintenance of any public or private golf course shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance, provided that all such tools and lawn mowers are equipped with mufflers or are operated in conjunction with a device or system for lessening the sounds produced;

5. Sound from church bells and chimes when a part of a religious observance or service shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance during daytime hours (9:01 a.m.-10:00 p.m.);

6. Noise from permitted construction activity shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance, provided all motorized equipment used in such activity is equipped with functioning mufflers, except as provided in Section 74-137(2)(f).

7. Noise from snow blowers, snow throwers, and snowplows when operated with a muffler for the purpose of snow removal shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance.

8. The generation of sound in the performance of emergency work shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance.

9. The generation of sound in situations within the jurisdiction of the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance.

10. Noise generated from municipally sponsored or approved celebrations or events shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance.

11. Noises resulting from the operation of the Hartsfield Atlanta International Airport shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance.

12. Any noise resulting from activities of a temporary duration, for which a special permit has been granted pursuant to this Ordinance, and which conforms to the conditions and limits stated thereon shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance.

13. Noises resulting from any practice or performance sponsored by or associated with the educational process administered by a recognized institution of learning, including, but not limited to band, choir, and orchestral performances shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance..

14. Noises that result from or arise out of or stem from the occurrence of a professional sporting event or organized sports league shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance.

Section 74-139 Conditions For Permits For Temporary Variance

1. Any person who owns or operates any stationary noise source may apply to the NCA for a temporary variance from one or more of the provisions of this ordinance. Applications for a permit of temporary variance shall supply information including, but not limited to:

a. The nature and location of the noise source for which such application is made;

b. The reason for which the permit of temporary variance is requested, including the hardship that will result to the applicant, his/her client, or the public if the permit of temporary variance is not granted;

c. The level of noise that will occur during the period of the temporary variance;

d. The section or sections of this ordinance for which the permit of temporary variance shall apply;

e. A description of interim noise control measures to be taken for the applicant to minimize noise and the impacts occurring therefrom; and

f. A specific schedule of the noise control measures that shall be taken to bring the source into compliance with this ordinance within a reasonable time.

1.1. Failure to supply the information required by the NCA shall be cause for rejection of the application.

1.2. A copy of the permit of temporary variance must be kept on file by the municipal clerk for public inspection.

2. The NCA shall charge the applicant a fee of $25 to cover expenses resulting from the processing of the application for a permit of temporary variance.

3. The NCA may, at his/her discretion, limit the duration of the permit of temporary variance, which, in any event, shall be effective no longer than 45 days. Any person holding a permit of temporary variance and requesting an extension of time shall apply for a new permit of temporary variance under the provisions of this section.

4. No temporary variance shall be approved unless the applicant presents adequate proof that:

a. Noise levels occurring during the period of the temporary variance will not constitute a danger to public health; and

b. Compliance with the ordinance would impose an unreasonable hardship on the applicant without equal or greater benefits to the public.

5. In making the determination of granting a temporary variance, the NCA shall consider the following factors:

a. The character and degree of injury to, or interference with, the health and welfare or the reasonable use of property that is caused or threatened to be caused;

b. The social and economic value of the activity for which the temporary variance is sought; and

c. The ability of the applicant to apply the best practical noise control measures.

6. The permit of temporary variance may be revoked by the NCA if the terms of the permit of temporary variance are violated.

7. A temporary variance permit may be revoked by the NCA if there is:

a. Violation of one or more conditions of the temporary variance;

b. Material misrepresentation of fact in the temporary variance application; or

c. Material change in any of the circumstances relied on by the NCA in granting the temporary variance.

Section 74-140 Enforcement Procedures

1. Violation of any provision of this ordinance shall be cause for a citation to be issued by the NCO according to procedures set forth in the City Code of Ordinances.

2. In lieu of issuing a citation, the NCO may issue an order requiring abatement of any sound source alleged to be in violation of this ordinance within a reasonable time period and according to guidelines that the NCO may prescribe.

3. Any person who violates any provision of this ordinance shall be subject to a fine for each offense of not more than $ 1,000.00

3.1. If the violation is of a continuing nature, each day during which it occurs shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct offense.

4. No provision of this ordinance shall be construed to impair any common law or statutory cause of action, or legal remedy therefrom, of any person for injury or damage arising from any violation of this ordinance or from other law.

Section 74-141 Inconsistent Provisions

Insofar as the provisions of this Code are inconsistent with any provision of any other title of the Code, or any rule or regulation of any government agency of the city of Atlanta, then the provisions of this Noise Control Code shall be controlling.

Section 74-142 Severability

If any provision, clause, sentence or paragraph of this Code, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions or application of the provisions of this Article which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application and, to this end, the provisions of this Code are hereby declared to be severable.

SECTION 2.
For purpose of this ordinance, this ordinance shall supercede any other ordinance or part thereof in conflict herewith.

SECTION 3.
Sections 74-143 through 74-160 are hereby reserved.

A true copy,
Deputy Clerk

ADOPTED as amended by the Council DEC 04, 2000
RETURNED WITHOUT SIGNATURE OF THE MAYOR
APPROVED as per City Charter Section 2-403 DEC 13, 2000

RCS# 2481
12/05/00
12:35 AM

Atlanta City Council

Regular Session

00-O-0659 Rescind Noise Ordinance & Revert to 1977 Code Version thru. Supp. No.9,2-81 A/SUB/CON/AMEND

YEAS:	10
NAYS:	3
ABSTENTIONS:	0
NOT VOTING:	2
EXCUSED:	0
ABSENT	1

Y McCarty	Y Dorsey	N Moore	B Thomas
Y Starnes	Y Woolard	N Martin	Y Emmons
NV Bond	Y Morris	Y Maddox	Y Alexander
Y Winslow	Y Muller	N Boazman	NV Pitts

00-O-0659

(Do Not Write Above This Line)

AN ORDINANCE BY COUNCILMEMBER CLAIR MULLER

AN ORDINANCE TO RESCIND THE CITY OF ATLANTA'S EXISTING NOISE ORDINANCE AND REVERT TO THE VERSION CONTAINED IN THE 1977 CODE OF ORDINANCES, AS AMENDED THROUGH SUPPLEMENT NO. 9, 2-81; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

10/16/00 - Cmbr. Bond Moved to Refer Properly Seconded Motion CARRIED without objection

REFERRED BY CITY COUNCIL OCT 16 2000

ADOPTED BY COUNCIL DEC 04 2000

SUBSTITUTE AS AMENDED

- ☐ CONSENT REFER
- ☐ REGULAR REPORT REFER
- ☐ ADVERTISE & REFER
- ☐ 1st ADOPT 2nd READ & REFER
- ☑ PERSONAL PAPER REFER

Date Referred 5/1/00

Referred To:

Date Referred City Utilities

Referred To:

Date Referred 10/16/00

Referred To: City Utilities

First Reading

Committee

Date

Chair

Referred to

Committee	Committee
City Utilities	City Utilities
Date 5-9-2000	Date 10-31-00
Chair	Chair
Action: Fav, Adv, Hold (see rev. side) Other:	Action: Fav, Adv, Hold (see rev. side) Other:
3 wks Members	Members
Refer To	Refer To

Committee	Committee
City Utilities	City Utilities
Date 10-10-00	Date 11/28/00
Chair Clair Muller	Chair Clair Muller
No Recommendation	
Action: Fav, Adv, Hold (see rev. side) Other:	Action: Fav, Adv, Hold (see rev. side) Other:
OR substitute As Amended	OR Emotion
Members	Members
Refer To	Refer To

FINAL COUNCIL ACTION

☑ 2nd ☐ 1st & 2nd Readings ☐ 3rd

☐ Consent ☐ V Vote ☐ RC Vote

CERTIFIED

CERTIFIED DEC 4 2000

ATLANTA CITY COUNCIL PRESIDENT

CERTIFIED DEC 04 2000

MUNICIPAL CLERK

MAYOR'S ACTION

APPROVED

DEC 13 2000

WITHOUT SIGNATURE BY OPERATION OF LAW